

## The Vocabulary of Reversionism

### Vituperation:

Sustained and bitter railing and condemnation. To use harsh and condemnatory language. To berate, scold, abuse, revile.

Berate: To condemn vehemently and at length.

Scold: To rebuke in ill-temper either justly or unjustly.

Abuse: Implies the anger of the speaker and stresses the harshness of the language. Revile: Implies a scurrilous, abusive attack prompted by anger or hatred.

**Hook, J. N. *The Grand Panjandrum*. New York: Macmillan Publishing Co., Inc., 1980, p. 134, s.v. "billingsgate":**

*Men and women fish peddlers at the market at Billingsgate in London were long noted for their colorful, abusive, profane language--so vitriolically scornful that only a very accomplished swearer could equal it. In their memory any vigorously uttered condemnatory profanity may be called a billingsgate.*

**Lake, Stuart N. Wyatt Earp: Frontier Marshal. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1931. Reprint. New York: Pocket Books, 1994, pp. 280, 283-84.**

### Vilification:

*To utter slanderous and abusive statements against. An attempt to destroy a reputation by open and direct abuse. To harm the reputation of by libel or slander. Defamation of character.*

Obviously, such conduct provokes conflict, strife, and discord the end result of which is altercation, combat, and:

### Violence:

*An exertion of physical force so as to injure or abuse. Excited or mentally disordered to the point of loss of self-control. Intense, turbulent, or furious action or force.*

Violence is the action taken, resulting in injury and:

### Abuse:

*Physical maltreatment.*

Violence and abuse are the final stages of the process. They are characterized in Western jurisprudence as "assault and battery."

**Black's Law Dictionary, revised 4th edition, s.v. "assault":**

*An intentional, unlawful offer of corporal injury to another by force, under such circumstances as create well-founded fear of imminent peril, coupled with apparent present ability to execute attempt, if not prevented.*

**Black's Law Dictionary, revised 4th edition, p. 148, s.v. "aggravated assault":**

### Aggravated Assault:

*One committed with the intention of committing some additional crime; or one attended with circumstances of peculiar outrage or atrocity. This class includes assault with a dangerous or deadly weapon.*

*Assault with intent to commit manslaughter. An unlawful assault committed in such manner and with such means as would have resulted in commission of manslaughter if the person assaulted had then and there died from effects of the assault.*

*Assault with intent to commit rape. Is constituted by the existence of the facts which bring the offense within the definition of an assault, coupled with an intention to commit the crime of rape.*

*Assault with intent to commit murder. To constitute this assault and specific intent to kill, actuated by malice aforethought.*

**Black's Law Dictionary, revised 4th edition, p. 148, s.v. "battery":**

*Any unlawful beating or other wrongful physical violence inflicted on a human being without his consent.*

*The actual offer to use force to the injury of another person is assault; the use of it is battery, which always includes an assault; hence the two terms are commonly combined in the term "assault and battery."*

*Assault and Battery of a High and Aggravated Nature. An unlawful act of violent injury to the person of another, accompanied by circumstances of aggravation, such as the use of deadly weapon, great disparity between the ages and physical conditions of the parties, or the purposeful infliction of shame and disgrace.*

**Black's Law Dictionary, revised 4th edition, p. 148, s.v. "manslaughter":**

*The unlawful killing of another without malice, either express or implied; which may be either voluntarily, upon sudden heat, or involuntarily, but in the commission of some unlawful act.*

*Voluntary manslaughter. Manslaughter committed voluntarily upon a sudden heat of the passions; as if, upon a sudden quarrel, two persons fight, and one of them kills the other.*

**Black's Law Dictionary, revised 4th edition, p. 148, s.v. "rape":**

*The unlawful carnal knowledge of a woman by a man forcibly and against her will. That is, without her consent and against her utmost resistance.*

*"Statutory rape," where the offense consists in having sexual intercourse with a female under statutory age, the offense may be either with or without the female's consent.*

**Black's Law Dictionary, revised 4th edition, p. 148, "murder":**

*The unlawful killing of a human being by another with malice aforethought, either express or implied.*

*. . . that is, with a deliberate purpose of a design or determination distinctly formed in the mind before the commission of the act, provided generally that death results from the injury inflicted . . .*

Our study of the two charts and the precise definition of its terms has served to highlight a number of the major sins which cripple the believer and place him in the reversionistic spiral.

Further, in the reversion recovery process, it is these same sins which can cause the crippled believer to again be dislocated.

**Hebrews 12:13 - Be making straight wheel-tracks with your feet in order that the crippled one not again be dislocated ...**

The objective of reversion recovery is not that the crippled one be again dislocated. The true objective is stated following the conjunction of contrast: *de* - "but"