

## Principles:

1. The church is never ready to evangelize and send out missionaries until the church is toughened by testing.
2. Testing toughens and prosperity softens. To pass both tests the church had three centuries of persecution before prosperity in the fourth century.
3. Persecutions in a client nation are historical trends until the exit resurrection of the church.
4. The precedent for persecution of the church is found in Revelation 2:10, “the devil is about to cast some of you into prison, in order that you may be tested, and you will have special persecution ten times.”
5. The church must be separated from the state. Human government is to be honored by the church, but the government is populated by fallen men and women.
6. Consequently, during historical downtrends, the church and believers are persecuted by the state. The suffering of believers is the result of suffering for blessing for those who function inside the divine power system and suffering for punishment for those who function in the cosmic systems.

### 3. Pergamum

**Revelation 2:17** “He who has an ear, let him hear what the Spirit communicates to the churches. To him who overcomes [ τῷ νικῶντι (*tō nikόnti*)]: “to the winner” ], I will give blessing from the source of the hidden manna [ NA #3 ], and I will give him a white stone; furthermore on the stone has been written a new name of aristocracy [ NA #4 ] which no one knows but he who receives it.” (EXT)

The issuing of a new name is illustrated by the Roman system of adoption. Every adult son was given new names, usually three or trinomial.

The first name was the family name or *praēnōmen*, given at birth, the second the *nōmen*, the name of the original Roman family or clan. The third was the *cōgnōmen* or nickname.

The praenomen or given name could be Gaius, the nomen or original family, Julius, and the cognomen Caesar.

The new name in verse 17 is issued by the Lord to winner believers of the Church Age as a new name of aristocracy.

This new name is assigned to the “white stone” or resurrection body which is free of the sin nature and the recipient of this new name.

#### 4. Thyatira:

**Revelation 2:26**      He who overcomes [ ὁ νικῶν (*ha nikōn*): the **winner** ], and keeps My assignments until the end [ the Rapture ], to him I will give authority over the nations [ NA #5 ];

Church-Age winners will be free of the sin nature in their resurrection bodies. They are trusted by the Lord to have authority over the nations that will exist in the Millennium. Because of their perfection, their authority will be legitimate and fair.

**Revelation 2:28**    and I will grant him the Royal Order of the Morning Star [NA #6: **investiture into the royal order of the Morning Star**].

This is the first of two insignia of office, here the Most Noble Order of the Morning Star. Later in the sixth paragraph, the winner will receive the grant of a coat of arms.

The Morning Star has two meanings. Jesus Christ is referred to as the Morning Star in:

**Revelation 22:16**      “I, Jesus, have sent My angel to testify to you these things for the churches. I am the root and the descendant of David, the bright morning star.”

5. That Jesus assigns this title to Himself while “giving winners the morning star” in Revelation 2:28 indicates it is an additional Nike Award. We characterize it as membership in the Royal Order of the Morning Star.
6. In astronomy, Venus is regarded as the morning star. It precedes the rising of the sun and is the brightest planet when observed from the earth.
7. Jesus is the Morning Star who appears when the horrors of the Tribulation have inflicted global terror on earth’s population. His sudden arrival brings deliverance as well as justice.
8. In addition, His prophecy of the eternal state following the Millennium and the destruction of the universe, alerts us of His rulership forever and ever in the new heavens and the new earth.

**The morning star is Christ Himself in 22:16. For the overcoming believer. Christ's presence is the light in the dark and difficult times before the dawn of the Son's coming. Moreover, *morning star* refers to the faithful believer's share in the glory or splendor of Christ. Christ gives every faithful believer the privilege of being like Him in royal splendor, to various degrees.<sup>4</sup>**

#### 5. Sardis:

1. There are three Nike Awards in the following verse:

**Revelation 3:5**     “Thus the winner  
 [ ὁ νικῶν (*ha nikōn*) ] will be clothed  
[ predictive future middle indicative of  
περιβάλλω (peribállō): at the Evaluation  
Tribunal of Christ<sup>5</sup> ] in white garments

**[ Uniform of Glory (NA #7) ] and I will never blot his name out of the book of life**  
**[ NA #8: See Luke 10:20b & Revelation 20:15 ], in fact I will acknowledge his order of chivalry in the presence of My Father and before His angels [ NA #9: presentation at court to the Father ]. (EXT)**

<sup>4</sup> Nelson's New Illustrated Bible Commentary, gen. ed. Earl D. Radmacher (Nashville: Thomas Nelson Publishers, 1999), 1739.

<sup>5</sup> 2 Corinthians 5:10.

2. The first Nike awarded at Sardis is the presentation of a Uniform of Glory, described a “white garments,” emblematic of the advanced believers of the Church Age.
3. His name is eternally recorded in the Book of Life under his new title of peerage.
4. This winner-believer will also be presented at court before the Father by Jesus Christ.
6. **Philadelphia:**

**Revelation 3:12**      He who overcomes [ ὁ νικῶν (*ha nikōn*): the winner ], I will make him a pillar or stela [ NA #10: στύλος (*stúlos*): a free-standing column containing exploits in the Invisible War ] in the temple of My God, he will never vanish from history. Also, on him I will grant a coat of arms; [ NA #11 ]: (a) on a blue sinister field I will charge a crown and emblazon in script, “Elohim,” the title of My God, (b) on the middle field in gold and charged with the image of the Tree of Life, symbolic of the new Jerusalem [ NA #12 ], the name of the city of My God, which comes down from heaven from My God, and (c) the dexter field is charged with My new name: “King of kings and Lord of Lords,” emblazoned in script under the charge of a golden lion rampant.<sup>6</sup> (EXT)

1. A stela, monolith, obelisk, or column records the exploits of the believer’s successful engagements in the Invisible War.
2. The eleventh Nike Award is a royal coat of arms. The shield is divided into three sections and described from the standpoint of the person holding it.
3. Therefore, for the observer’s left is the dexter, or the right side of the holder. To the observers’ right is the sinister, or the left side of the holder. The center of the shield is the middle.

<sup>6</sup> “Rampant: Heraldry. Standing and reared up, with head to the dexter side and one (usually dexter) foreleg raised above the other” (*Webster’s New Collegiate Dictionary*, 2d ed. (1953), s.v. “rampant.”)

4. The sections of the shield contain colors to which images are charged. Revelation 3:12 describes these charges:
  - a. The Name of our God: אֱלֹהִים ('Elohim).
  - b. The name of the city of our God: καὶνῆς Ἱερουσαλὴμ (*kainēs Ierousalēm*): New Jerusalem.
  - c. My new name: Βασιλεὺς βασιλέων καὶ Κύριος κυρίων: (*Basileús basileōn kaí Kúrios kuriōn*): King of kings and Lord of lords.
5. The New Jerusalem is Nike Award #12.
6. There are three Jerusalems mentioned in Scripture: the original city which was destroyed by the Chaldeans, its walls rebuilt under Nehemiah's supervision following the Chaldean captivity then destroyed in A.D. 70 by Titus.
7. The second is the one that will be constructed in the Millennium. The third and last will be the city "foursquare" that will orbit around the new earth of the eternal state, and called, "The New Jerusalem" (v. 12).
8. The Bible gives details about the third Jerusalem in Revelation 21. This is the one described in the middle field of the coat of arms in Revelation 3:12, **NA #11 (b)**.
9. The adjective "new" describes the "new Jerusalem" and the Lord's "new name," καὶνός (*kainós*). Regarding the "new Jerusalem," it means, "New" as opposed to old or former and hence also implying better because different ("new Jerusalem," Revelation 3:12; 21:2). Regarding "My new name" refers to "current or not before known, newly introduced. (Revelation 3:12)." <sup>7</sup>

**There will be a "new in time" Jerusalem of the Millennium. But this Jerusalem is "new in species." This is the Jerusalem of eternity future and they are different. In this Jerusalem is the tree of lives where maximum happiness will be known for the winner believer. This Jerusalem will be suspended in the air [above the earth].<sup>8</sup>**

<sup>7</sup> Spiros Zodhiates, ed., "καὶνός," in *The Complete Word Study Dictionary: New Testament*, rev. ed. (Chattanooga: AMG Publishers, 1993), 804.

<sup>8</sup> R. B. Thieme, Jr., "Revelation 3:12" in *Revelation* (Houston: R. B. Thieme, Jr., Bible Ministries, 1981), Series 457, MP3 CD.

10. The New Jerusalem of **NA #11b** is also **NA #12**, which winners may visit. (See “Paradise of God,” Rev. 2:7.)

**7. Laodicea:**

**Revelation 3:21** ‘He who overcomes [ ὁ νικῶν (*ha nikōn*)]: to the winner ], I will give to him the reward and privilege of sitting with Me on My throne [ **NA #13** ], as I have won the strategic victory, and I have sat down with My Father on His throne.’ (EXT)

1. Among the seven churches, Laodicea received one of the most scathing critiques in the New Testament. Yes, those who gathered at the city’s local church had the opportunity to advance to maturity, but Jesus’ dictation to John cuts no slack for the majority in that congregation.
2. The congregation was made up primarily of believers who were neither negative to what was taught nor positive to what was taught but whose opinions were instead blasé.

**Revelation 3:15** ‘I know your deeds, that you are neither cold nor hot; I wish you were cold or hot.’

3. The motivation to inculcate divine truth was not of interest. The vast majority were upper class financially while at the same time ignorant of things theological.

**Revelation 3:16** ‘So because you are lukewarm [ **reversionism** ], neither hot nor cold, I will vomit you out of my mouth [ **sin unto death** ].

**v.17** ‘Because you say, “I am rich, and have become wealthy, and have need of nothing,” and you do not know that you are wretched and miserable and poor and blind and naked,

4. Although presumably self-sufficient, the vast majority of the believers in Laodicea are in reversionism. The Lord describes their spiritual status as “wretched”: inferior; “miserable”: pathetic; “poor”: destitute; “blind”: stupid; and “naked”: sans uniform of glory (NA #7; v. 3:5).